NOVEMBER 22, 1770. THE NUMBER 1018.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the latest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— *Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

Printed by *ALEX. PURDIE*, and *JOHN DIXON*, at the POST OFFICE.

TRIESTE, *August* 13.

THE Russian and Turkish squadrons, after the two combats which they fought, the one near Napoli di Romania, and the other in the seas of Andros and Tenedos, retired in order to repair their damages, the first to Sidre or Andros, and the latter to Samos. We have since learned by several letters that the Turks returned to Napoli di Romania, where the Russian squadron had followed them, and debarked their troops near Muchli, and erected some batteries, the fire from which sunk two Ottoman vessels; that the other Turkish ships had been all destroyed, except two galliots; that the Russians had taken two ships, laden with ammunition, from Constantinople; that the batteries continued to fire on the place, and had destroyed the walls of Fort Palamede, and it was believed the town would soon surrender.

WARSAW, *Sept.* 1. General Romanzow wrote the following account to the Russian Ambassador here. "The small remains of the Turkish army is easily to be seen from this side the Danube; it is at present near Ifaccia. The deserters from thence mention that the Vizier is there at present himself, that he has [illegible] Bashaws in irons, and yesterday beheaded four of them; in a word, the Turkish troops who have escaped from us and crossed the Danube (in doing which many were drowned) have dispersed themselves in different parts, and in one common and deadly fear [illegible]. Among the prisoners at Ismailow are twenty of the principal Turkish officers."

August 13. By the last courier from Count Panin we have advice of that General having opened the trenches before Bender the [illegible] ult. and that he began to batter the town. [illegible]

August 18. General Weymarn and Major [illegible] a particular account of the victory of the 1st instant, at the conclusion of which General Romanzow mentions that a body of his troops had approached the Danube opposite Ifaccia, and obliged a great party of Turks [illegible], by cutting off their retreat. It is said that the Russians have got possession of the Grand Vizier's military chest. General Bauer is advanced as far as the Danube; he has taken 30 more pieces of cannon from the Turks, and sunk many vessels belonging to the enemy, which occasioned great numbers of the Turks to return and surrender themselves prisoners, the number of whom increases so much that more troops must be sent to guard them. There are already 10,000 [illegible] prisoners, and the dead are reckoned at about 3000 more.

HAMBURG, *Sept.* 12. By letters from Warsaw we have advice that Prince Galitzin had lost the [illegible], and taken all their cannon, baggage, and baskets; and further, they had received advice, by express from Count Panin, that the Tartars of Bessarabia had submitted to the dominion of the Empress, on condition that they should be allowed to choose their own Chan, or chief. The plague, so far from ceasing, actually rages within 20 miles of Warsaw.

The Russians continue the siege of Bender, with great vigour; and as the Tartars in the neighbourhood have submitted to Count Panin, it is thought it will soon surrender.

MARSEILLES, *August* 31. The entire defeat of the Turkish fleet, and the stopping the return of our ships from the Levant, joined to the troubles and devastations in the Morea, have caused many considerable bankruptcies here.

LEGHORN, *Sept.* 7. The Russian squadron, which is cruising off Tenedos, has taken 40 vessels for Constantinople, many with provisions, and others with valuable Asiatick and African effects. The commanders of these vessels knew not of the defeat of the Turkish fleet.

HAGUE, *Sept.* 19. We have reason to doubt the intelligence lately from Venice, in relation to an insurrection at Constantinople, wherein a foreign Minister was said to be killed, as other letters of a later date from those parts mention nothing of it.

LONDON, *Sept.* 3.

WE hear that it has been already notified to some of the New York agents, in the interest of the Ministry, with a view to its being communicated to the inhabitants of that city, that peculiar and honourable mention shall be made of them in the speech at the opening of the sessions, for their late conduct in resuming their commercial intercourse with Great Britain.

Extract of a letter from Count Romanzow to the Empress of Russia, delivered by Brigadier Ocroff.

"In the pursuit of the enemy, after the battle at the river Larga, I was apprised that they had been joined by another very numerous body, commanded by the Grand Vizier in person, who had passed the Danube. About eight o'clock in the evening they fixed their camp, at a mile's distance from us. At first all the Tartars posted themselves over against our left wing, but soon after they extended themselves to our rear. Though I had but just before detached a considerable body of our troops to escort a convoy of provisions coming from Falici, and who were then engaged with the enemy, who had fallen upon the rear of the convoy, I nevertheless determined to prevent their design, by attacking their camp, considering more the valour of your Majesty's troops than the inequality of numbers. At five o'clock the next morning I was astonished to find that they had fortified their camp, during the night, with no less than three intrenchments, stronger than those from whence the Chan had been forced out. Never have your Majesty's troops fought a battle which was more obstinately disputed than this. They forced their way to the camp through a numerous body of the enemy, among whom were the bravest of the Janizaries, who received and surrounded us at about a quarter of a mile from their intrenchments. The fire from their batteries and small arms continued five hours, without intermission; however, at nine, by the help of our artillery, but more especially by the united force of our bayonets, we broke through the first intrenchment. I did not perceive that the enemy showed any want of bravery in their defence, until they saw their infantry briskly repulsed by our brave troops in every sally. Imploring on this occasion the assistance of the Almighty, I again charged with all our forces, and at length made way to their last intrenchment, which they were unable to defend any longer. The Grand Vizier then, with all his troops, among whom was the Polish rebel Potoski, fled with the utmost precipitation towards the Danube, about twenty miles from the field of battle. Their whole camp, with all their tents, equipages innumerable, and artillery, consisting of 143 pieces of brass cannon, together with all their ammunition, and above 7000 carriages loaded with provisions, fell into our hands. To conclude, I intreat your Majesty to permit me to compare the conduct of your troops in this action to the behaviour of the ancient Romans; for, like them, your Majesty's troops do not inquire how strong the enemy is, but only where they may be found.

"Brigadier Ocroff, whom I have dispatched with the news of this important event, is the person who in my sight, at the head of his regiment of grenadiers, repulsed the last and most furious effort of the Janizaries, and pursued them with equal intrepidity and speed, which first opened our way to victory; therefore I thought myself bound, by duty and justice, to prefer him to the honour of waiting upon your Majesty with the earliest intelligence of it."

Letters from Leghorn, dated August 18th, say: "We have just now received certain advice from the Archipelago that the Russian fleet under Admiral Elphinstone had at last come up with the Turks, near the island Scio, the 26th of July, and had entirely destroyed them."

Friday no less than five ships were taken up in the river on the merchants account, to export British manufactures to New York.

Letters from Paris, of the 20th past, say that the Parliament seem determined to continue to sit, and all the Chambers assembled, during the vacation, if their grievances are not redressed. The same advices add that the deputation of the Parliament of Britany, consisting of 19 magistrates of Rennes, who are forbid to pass through Paris in their way to Compiegne, were expelled that evening at Verberie; and that 10 magistrates of the Parliament of Bourdeaux have also received orders to repair to Court, for having issued an arret, similar to that of Paris, against the Duke d'Aiguillon, and for having signified to the Duchy of the same that they would no longer acknowledge its prerogatives as a peerdom.

We can assure the publick, from undoubted authority, that Lord Holland is indefatigable in forming a coalition of parties against the ensuing session. Though Lord Chatham and his friends still keep aloof, the Marquis of Rockingham and his party have listened to the proposals; and Mr. Burke has, in consequence of these overtures, been in conference with Lord Holland several times within this fortnight past, particularly on Tuesday last, for above four hours. What the plan of accommodation is has not as yet transpired.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, August 31.

"An estimate has been made of the loss sustained by the fire in the dockyard, and transmitted to the Admiralty, [...] amounts to no more than 149,880 l. 3 s. 4 d. halfpeny."

Sept. 4. By the last letters transmitted from our Minis[...] lin, it appears that the King of Prussia has some plan in [...] which even his own favourites have not a correct idea [...] are intrusted with the execution of the preparatory [...] grand execution he reserves for himself.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, August [...]

"The following is the substance of letters receiv[...] dated the 19th ult. That two English ships are [...] under the command of Captain Bodie in the Ru[...] the channel of Scio. The Captain declare[...] of July, the Russians having followed the f[...] Scio, found them at the bottom of the gul[...] being resolved to attack them, they fo[...] Alexis Orloff was in the centre, with thr[...] Greig, Admiral Spiridoff, and Admir[...] on each side; Count Feder Orloff w[...] who, quitting the line, attacked the [...] brass guns, and came so near th[...] soldiers tore the Turkish standar[...] thrown a quantity of grenades, [...] her on fire; but the masts and [...] on, the Russian Admiral's, th[...] half an hour afterwards. Ha[...] Feder Orloff, and 14 officers [...] themselves in the barge. T[...] ships, two large caravelli, [...] The Russian fleet was co[...] frigates, and two packet[...] 5th, O. S. On the [...] defend their ships, ar[...] them. About midn[...] four line of battle shi[...] fire, falling on a [...] nicated to, and [...] 70 brass guns. [...] which were [...] Most of th[...] have reco[...] Elphinst[...] island c[...]

" [...] fleet w[...]

All [...] and w[...]

T[...] on[...] en[...]

m[...] t[...]

Sept. 5. When the post left Naples it was reported the Russian Admiral had summoned the cities of Smyrna and Scanderoon to surrender to her Imperial Majesty, on pain of a bombardment.

A letter from York mentions that a Nobleman, at the late races there, offered to give 3000 guineas for the horse Eclipse, which the owner refused.

Extract of a letter from Paris, August 27.

"The Pope has addressed a brief to his Majesty, complaining of the number of impious and irreligious works that are continually publishing in this kingdom, and exhorts his Majesty, as the eldest son of the church, to suppress this licenciousness. The clergy have joined in this request, and accordingly seven of this kind of publications have been condemned by the Parliament to be burnt. The titles are as follows: 1st, the Sacred Contagion, or the True History of Superstition, &c. 2dly, God and Man, theological works, but reasonable, &c. 3dly, Discourse upon the miracles of Jesus Christ, translated from the English of Woolston, &c. 4thly, A Critical Examination of the Apologists for Religion, &c. 5thly, An Impartial Examination of the principal religions in the world. 6thly, Christianity Unveiled, or an examination of the Principles and Effects of the Christian religion. 7thly, The System of Nature, &c."

The last letters from India confirm the perfect p[...] and security in the countries where the English [...] concern. Sonnee and Sujah Dowla, discov[...] tory refusal of Hyder Ally to join with [...] of a full intention to support the En[...] the design they were meditating [...]

Thursday se'nnight a wom[...] up the back stairs to the Q[...] the room where her Ma[...] The woman looked [...] survey of the room, [...] Duchess were too [...] as lost the Duch[...] waiting, wh[...]

Sept. 6. [...] officer of c[...] in some [...] in the [...] of a [...] con[...] b[...] I[...]

They write from Venice that fresh overtures have been made to the Senate to take part with the Grand Seignior against the Russians, but they have absolutely refused them.

Private letters from the Hague mention that the States have now a navy of fifty men of war, all in good condition, and are building more with the greatest despatch.

Sept. 18. They write from Glasgow that [illegible] is now cultivating with great success in the western parts of Scotland, and that in a few years they hope to bring it to as great perfection as any imported from Holland.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, *Sept.* 16.

"The following frigates are ordered into commission for sea, viz. Portland, of 50 guns, Thames, Minerva, Cerberus, King's Fisher, and one fireship.

"The Albion and Prince of Wales, two new 74 gun ships, are ordered to be got ready as guardships.

"Our artificers in the yard work double tides, with the greatest diligence, to get the fleet and several others fit for the sea, which will be soon accomplished. Men will be the greatest want, although they come in tolerably well.

"Our ships at Spithead bring to every vessel that comes from sea in order to go down Stokes bay, as many have with a pretence to go to Southampton, &c. but their real business was to view Spithead, and from their topmasts the ships in harbour, and sail out at the Needles directly.

"Our seamen here are in the highest spirits, and do every thing in their power to encourage all that are not in the service to enter. Some of the ships take able bodied landmen.

"His Majesty's ship Britannia, of 120 guns, has had her masts stood some time, as have a great many of the 64 and 74 gun ships.

"We hear that a 90 gun ship is to accompany the above fleet, but we do not as yet know her name."

Last week, being exceeding fine harvest weather, Mr. William Gray of Netherton in Gloucestershire, upwards of 97 years of age, assisted his son, grandson, and great grandson, in reaping a plentiful crop of wheat; and after leaving work they adjourned to the son's house, with many others of the family, and crowned the labours of the day with mirth and social festivity. The father, son, grandson, and great grandson, are all of the same name, and their ages together amount to near 200 years.

Thursday last the Mary yacht set sail for Helvoetsluys, to wait there the arrival of her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales.

The Spanish Ambassadour is said to have two causes of complaint against our Court, one respecting Falkland's island, and the other for speaking disrespectfully of his master's understanding.

It is said that the Portuguese Minister has offered all reasonable satisfaction for the late losses offered to the British merchants at Lisbon.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Sept. 14.

[illegible] day Prince Gallitzin, the Russian Minister here, had [illegible] the States General, and communicated to their [illegible] important news that the Khan of the Crim [illegible] had been surrounded by the Russians, [illegible] Court of Petersburg upon terms of his [illegible] which we impatiently expect."

[illegible] warrants were issued out, in [illegible] men were pressed below [illegible] they could meet with. [illegible] each carrying

[illegible] in the coal [illegible] to the Thames [illegible] coals are afraid

[illegible] Weill, near [illegible] Sunday [illegible] time [illegible] and [illegible] dered

[illegible] at [illegible] an

to deliberate upon them, and after a short time rejected them; on which the thing was again moved [illegible] and continued to what employ [illegible] away."

Notwithstanding, it is said, [illegible] before [illegible] will be this year much more alarmed than was to have been expected, if the Americans [illegible] by their solemn [illegible] yet it must be understood that [illegible] two colonies have rece[illegible] and that the Bostonians, and other colonists, will [illegible] the House with some matter for debate.

The Ministry are extremely busy in endeavouring to make the example of two conformant colonies on the western continent the rule of action of the rest.

The Ministry now imagine, and justly, that if they can prevent the Bostonians from smuggling in so great a degree as at present they will be obliged to come into measures [illegible] with this view a larger number of vessels of force are ordered upon that station.

Some important despatches have been received, within these few days, from Hanover, concerning the dispositions of several Courts of Germany in the present critical juncture.

If war should be declared between us and France, or Spain, the seat of action would, it is supposed, be in the Atlantick.

Wagers of every kind, and in great numbers, are laid on the present rumour of an approaching war. Five pounds are taken to return one hundred if war be declared before the end of the present year, and twenty pounds to return a hundred if before the end of the year 1771.

The ships in which the captures made by the Russians in the Archipelago are to be brought to our markets, are, in consequence of the suspicions entertained of their communicating some infection, to perform double quarantine, before they shall be admitted into any of our ports; and all intercourse and connection with them, during that period, is to be withheld.

Orders have been transmitted to the commandant at Gibraltar not to suffer the ships which may arrive from the Russian fleet, or from any port where the Russian fleet has been, to enter the harbour, nor suffer the inhabitants to have any commerce with them, until after a certain period.

What the Russians have obtained in the Archipelago, in their descents on the islands there, is but of little value; but the ammunition and warlike stores taken at the time of the destruction of the Turkish fleet amounts to a very capital sum.

Near 300 men who had been pressed were put on board a frigat, and conveyed down the river. They complained of their being too close confined under the hatches, and wanted to go on deck. Their request not being complied with, they ran the ship on shore near Gray's, broke part of her, made their escape on shore, and then made the best of their way for London, with bludgeons in their hands.

Yesterday the master lightermen applied to the Admiralty for protections for their apprentices.

The master of a vessel, which was to have sailed yesterday for the Leeward Islands, had almost all his hands, not even excepting the mates, carried off, so that he is now utterly at a loss to know when he shall be able to proceed on his voyage.

Last Monday a most shocking scene was exhibited in Brood court, near Long Acre. A woman who sells oysters there had a room always fastened by a padlock, and which none of the neighbours ever saw opened. They knew she had children, and imagined she concealed them there, as they were never seen, and for a long time were deterred from inquiring, for fear of ill treatment from the termagant; but a number of them assembled, broke open the door, and discovered the most shocking spectacle they ever beheld, and which before was never perpetrated by the most unnatural mother. Three infants, the eldest about six years old, naked as they were born, emaciated to skeletons, stood frightened at their approach; their colour, for want of food and common necessaries, was that of a mulatto; their hair matted together, and standing up to their ankles in ordure, &c. which produced such an uncommon stench that they all declared the most offensive smell they had ever before known was even grateful to this, and that if this happy discovery had not then been made the poor babes would not have existed many days longer. They were immediately sent to St. Martin's workhouse, and properly taken care of, and the most inhuman parent to Bridewell.

Sept. 25. It is confidently reported that the present Ministry will be continued, notwithstanding every effort has been made use of to remove them, as they are promised all the countenance [illegible] they can give.

Sunday the Earl of Chatham gave a grand entertainment to [illegible] ce the Duke of Northumberland, and several others of the [illegible] at his seat at Hayes, in Kent.

[illegible] Grand Seignior takes upon himself the sole direction of [illegible] the present crisis, so that his dictates are the rule of con[illegible] Divan; and his natural warmth of temper is said to be [illegible] ased, in consequence of the ill success of his arms.

[illegible] are preparing to be sent, with all expedition, to the [illegible] Consuls of the English settlements in the West [illegible] terranean.

[illegible]AMSBURG, *Nov.* 22.

[illegible], Taylor, arrived in James river from [illegible] advice of the Captains Robertson, Wood[illegible], Outram, and Walker, being got safe

[illegible] *ter from* London, *Sept.* 27.

[illegible] have had the greatest prospect of an [illegible] but it is now said that our very vi[illegible] ht them to a concession; and that [illegible] Court having knowledge of, or [illegible] possession of Falkland island. If

[illegible] prorogued to Thursday the

[illegible]

[illegible] *Nov.* 21, 1770.

[illegible] that a person [illegible] y next to receive the [illegible] the 12th of *Decem*[illegible] each purchaser a [illegible] the money.

[illegible] 1770.

[illegible] ere on [illegible] will sell [illegible] orth) by [illegible] credit, [illegible] ira. I [illegible] le my [illegible] end or [illegible] that

I HEREBY give notice that I propose conveying and delivering up on oath, all my estate, of every kind, to Mess. *Carter Braxton*, *George Webb*, *Thomas Walker*, *Thomas Jefferson*, and *Jack Power*, as trustees, to be disposed of by them for the benefit of all my creditors, to whom I intend equal justice, though by mistake it was inserted in my last advertisement that regard would be had to the dignity of their demands, by which I only meant that as my estate was under mortgage the mortgagees should be first paid. I shall get a friend to wait on my creditors with the deed of trust, and a letter of licence, which I hope they will all sign; for those that refuse will be postponed to the other creditors, and lose the benefit intended them by their humble servant,

BERNARD MOORE.

HENRICO, *Nov* 11, 1770.

WHEREAS I bargained with a certain *Jeremiah Russel*, of *Brunswick* county, some time last *March*, for a tract of land in *Mecklenburg* county, for which I paid him part of the purchase money down, and gave him three bonds, to be paid at different payments, for the following sums, viz. One bond for eighty pounds, another for thirty seven pounds ten shillings, and a third for the like sum of thirty seven pounds ten shillings, current money; which said three bonds, or either of them, I do hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of, for I will not pay them, he having failed to comply with his positive agreement in building two dwelling houses, and repairing a water grist mill, on the land I purchased of him.

MILES GATHRIGHT.

To be SOLD *by the subscriber in* Williamsburg, *next* Oyer *court*,

A VIRGINIA made light single CHARIOT, to go with shafts or a pole, and harness for a pair of horses.

CHARLES TALIAFERRO.

To be SOLD, *before the subscriber's door at* Port Royal, *on* Monday *the 26th of this instant* (November)

SUNDRY WOOLLENS, consisting of coarse cloths, *Dutch* and other blankets, rugs, and cottons, imported in the *Lord Clive*, *James M'Kinnie* master, from *Hull*, for the benefit of the ensurers.

JAMES BOWIE, jun.

To be RENTED,

THE HOUSES and LOTS at the *Capitol Landing* where I now live, which may be entered upon the first of *January*.

MATTHEW MOODY, sen.

For SALE, *on long credit (if required) in* Gloucester *county*, Kingston *parish*,

TWO hundred and fifty four acres of land lying on the head of *East river*, in said county; there being eight feet water up to the landing, and fish and oysters in great plenty within 200 yards of the house. Upon it is a good dwelling-house, almost new, with two rooms and a passage, and two rooms above stairs, brick chimnies, and underpinned with brick, a good kitchen, and a [illegible] both with brick chimnies, and all other necessary outhouses; and is very well timbered, especially with fine pine, fit for the best of plank. Any person inclinable to purchase is desired to apply to the subscriber, living on the premises.

EDWARD HUGHES.



STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the College pasture, a bay horse about 14 hands high, with some white in his face, his off hind leg white, has a hanging mane and switch tail, and branded on the near buttock C in a diamond. Whoever brings the said horse to the College shall have 20 s. reward.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Nov.* 13, 1770.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. *James Blair*, late of *Prince George*, deceased, are desired to come to an immediate settlement with the subscriber, that he may be enabled to make speedy provision for satisfying the several creditors; who are also requested to make known their respective demands, and how they arise, that the effects of the decedent may be distributed in a legal course by

JOHN BLAIR, jun. Executor.

Just imported from London, *and to be* SOLD *by the subscriber, at his store, corner of* Church *street*, Norfolk, *by wholesale or retail, upon reasonable terms, for ready money or short credit*,

A COMPLETE assortment of *India* and *European* goods, consisting of osnabrugs, *Irish* linens, haberdashery, shoes, cutlery, nails, stationary, spices of all kinds, *Gloucester* and *Cheshire* cheese, cask and bottled porter, raisins, currants, single and double refined sugar, with variety of other grocery articles, pewter, copper, and tin ware, worsted, thread, and silk hose, mens felt and castor hats, copper and japanned tea kitchens, square and octagon japanned bread baskets, wickered plate baskets lined with tin, japanned *Roman* waiters, japanned candlesticks and snuffers, pinking irons, milliners wire pins, copper fish kettles, tea kettles, saucepans, round castor setts, steak tongs, green and white *Chinese* ivory and buck horn handled table knives and forks, dessert do. of the same kinds, mohogany knife cases, peelong satin and persian petticoats of all colours, Ladies shades, figured silk cloaks, womens bonnets and hats, trimming for Ladies gowns, silk stomachers, lustrings, wide and narrow persians, padusoys, satins, damasks, tafetas, gauzes, poplins, silk crapes, sarcenets, womens silk mits and gloves, trolly lace, variety of plain and figured ribands, gauze handkerchiefs, coxcomb edging, narrow and lappet blond lace, open and black catgut, gauze caps and dress caps of the newest fashion, fans, ribands, ruffs, blond stomachers and bows with *Italian* flowers, complete suits of blond treble ruffles, tuckers, ruffs, tippets, handkerchiefs, *&c.* with great variety of JEWELLERY, and other articles too tedious to mention.

F. A. DOEBER.

To be RENTED,

THE ORDINARY in *Richmond* town formerly kept by Mrs. *Mary Cowley*, deceased, and now by Mr. *Jesse Roper*. It is convenient to the courthouse, and commands the custom of all Gentlemen on court days. The terms may be known by applying to me in *Chesterfield*, or to Mr. *Roper*, on the premises.

ABRAHAM COWLEY.

VIRGINIA, ſc.

At a General Court held at the CAPITOL,

November 5, 1770.

John Spear, and *Matthias Spear*, Executors, &c. of *John Hamrick Spear*, deceaſed, plaintiffs, against *John Judia*, late of *Frederick* county, *Virginia*, and *Henry Gratzel*, defendants, } In Chancery.

THE defendant *John Judia* being beyond ſea, and not having entered his appearance according to the rule of this court, on the motion of the plaintiffs, by their counſel, it is ordered that the other defendant, who hath effects of the ſaid *John Judia* in his hands, as is ſuggeſted, do not pay, convey away, or ſecrete ſuch effects, until the farther order or decree of this court concerning the ſame; but that he deliver up ſuch effects, or ſo much thereof as will be of value ſufficient to ſatisfy the demand of the plaintiffs, unto the ſaid plaintiffs, upon their giving ſecurity to the clerk of this court for the return of ſuch effects, in ſuch manner, and to ſuch perſons, as the court ſhall hereafter adjudge. And it is ordered that the ſaid defendant, *John Judia*, do appear here on the firſt day of the next court, to anſwer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be, within fifteen days, inſerted in the *Virginia* Gazette, for two months ſucceſſively; and publiſhed on ſome Lord's day, immediately after divine ſervice, in the church of the pariſh of *Frederick*, in the county of *Frederick*; and be alſo poſted up at the front door of the Capitol, in the city of *Williamſburg*.

BEN. WALLER.

THE decree for the ſale of Mr. *Anderſon Stith*'s land, on *Pamunkey* river, having been altered laſt General Court, prevented its being ſold at the time formerly advertiſed; therefore notice is now given that it will certainly be ſold purſuant to the laſt decree, on *Tueſday* the 18th of *December* next, before the *Raleigh* tavern in *Williamſburg*. The tract contains, according to a late ſurvey, 1143 acres, 330 of which are exceeding fine low grounds. There is on it a delightful ſituation for a dwellinghouſe, the land in general very good, is remarkable for producing fine graſs, and lies within four miles of *Page*'s warehouſe. Twelve months credit will be allowed for one third of the purchaſe money, two years for another third, and three years for the reſidue, paying intereſt for the whole after the firſt year. Bond, with good ſecurity, will be required; and the ſubſcriber, who has a right to dower in the land, will relinquiſh it to the purchaſer, reſerving only the liberty of living on her dower one year, if ſhe ſhall think fit.

5 JOANNA STITH, Executrix.

RICHMOND town, *Nov.* 14, 1770.

IMPORTED laſt *December*, in the *Induſtry*, Captain *Lowes*, two caſks of HARDWARE, marked Filling A pieces, No. 3 and 2, which have not come to hand. Whoever can inform where they may be had will oblige

THOMAS ADAMS.

To be LET, *or* SOLD,

A LARGE dwellinghouſe, outhouſes, lot, &c. in *York* town, oppoſite to the Hon. *Thomas Nelſon*'s. For terms apply to Mr. *William Cryſby*, on the premiſes.

For LONDON,



THE ſhip BLAND, *Hugh Wyke* maſter, now loading at *Portſmouth*, and will certainly ſail by the firſt of next month. As ſhe has good accommodations for paſſengers, thoſe who incline to go in her will pleaſe to ſignify their intention, by letter or otherwiſe, by the 25th inſtant, to the Captain, addreſſed to the care of Mr. *Robert Sheldon*, merchant in *Portſmouth*.

For FREIGHT, *to any part of* Europe *or the* Weſt Indies,



THE brigantine FANNY, *William Weſtcott* maſter, now lying ready at *Norfolk*, burthen about 300 bbls. or 7000 buſhels, well fitted, has made but one voyage, and has good accommodations for paſſengers. For terms apply to the ſaid Captain, or to the ſubſcriber, who has *Liverpool* SALT for ſale.

WRIGHT WESTCOTT.

HENRY FLEMING, *from the houſe of* Fiſher, Bragg, *and Company, wholeſale ironmongers and ſaddlers in* Whitehaven, *begs leave to acquaint the publick that he is juſt arrived at* Norfolk, *and has opened ſtore with a good aſſortment of the following kinds of goods*, viz.

HARDWARE of all kinds; nails and ſaddlery of their own manufacture; *Kendal* cottons, printed and checked ditto; bed rugs, hunts, cords, and blankets; cordage; bearſkins, fearnoughts, broadcloths, plains, and trimmings complete; fuſtians; filletings; laces; *Iriſh* linens, and ſheeting; oſnabrugs; handkerchiefs, copperplate, printed, and checked; halfthicks; kerſeys; half jerſeys; ſerges; nankeens; denims; ribands; ſilk purſes; ſilk mits; ſilk knee gaiters; gloves of all kinds; gaiters; ſtockings of all kinds; ſhoes, chiefly womens; ſewing ſilk and threads of all kinds; night caps; necklaces; fans; pins; earthen ware; pipes; paper; ſkreign and ſkeleton wire; cart ware; brazier, tin, and pewter ware; grindſtones; guns; piſtols; and ſeveral other kinds of *European* goods, too tedious here to mention.

Where, at any time, upon the ſhorteſt notice (by letter, or otherwiſe) merchants and tradeſmen may be ſupplied, wholeſale, as low as in *England*, ſave only for expenſes attending the importation and commiſſion.

And to accommodate thoſe who may be pleaſed to favour them with their orders, they intend carrying on a manufactory of SADDLERY goods at *Norfolk*; where may be had every article in that branch, made in the neweſt and neateſt faſhion, and in every reſpect agreeable to fancy.

At the ſame time, they beg leave to thank their friends in this country for favours already conferred, and to aſſure them that all poſſible care will be taken to merit their continuance; and that ſuch a ſtock of HARDWARE, SADDLERY, &c. will be always ready at *Norfolk*, that, with general articles, they may be aſſured of an immediate ſupply.

TAKEN up, in *Auguſta*, a gray horſe A 8 or 9 years old, branded on the near ſhoulder HF, and on the near buttock HF.

JOHN FUDGE

HAMPTON, *Nov.* 10, 1770.

I HAVE opened TAVERN at the ſign of the *King's Arms*, in the well known houſe formerly occupied by Mrs. *Mary Brough*, where due care ſhall be taken to render ſatisfaction to thoſe who pleaſe to favour me with their cuſtom.

WILLIAM M'CAA.

For SALE, *or to be* RENTED *for one year, and may be entered upon the firſt of* January *next*,

THE HOUSES and LOTS in *Tappahannock* where the ſubſcriber now lives. There are four half acres lots, in a ſquare, fronting the courthouſe, and paled in, on which there is a brick dwellinghouſe with three rooms above ſtairs and three below, and cellars under the whole, as likewiſe all neceſſary outhouſes for a family, with ſtables, chairhouſe, &c. On ſaid lots there is likewiſe a neat and convenient ſtorehouſe, a good warehouſe, and a ſtable for two horſes, at preſent rented; but if the lots, &c. are ſold, the ſtore, warehouſe, and ſtable, will be delivered up on the firſt of *January* 1772. For terms apply to

WILLIAM WODDROP.

*** There is a good GRANARY, with a cellar under it, and ſtanding near the river, which may be rented.

To be SOLD, *on the premiſes, on* Thurſday *the* 20th *of* December *next, if fair, otherwiſe next fair day*,

ABOUT 500 acres of good LAND in *Kingſton* pariſh, *Gloceſter* county, extending at leaſt two miles on *Eaſt* river. On it is a very good dwellinghouſe with two brick chimnies, and all convenient outhouſes, alſo a ſtorehouſe underpinned with brick, which has a brick chimney and a good cellar, with apple orchards that produce 3000 gallons of cider, and a quarter with two brick chimnies. It is a remarkable place for fiſh and oyſters, there are ſeveral fine ſprings on the land, and it is well calculated for publick buſineſs, being in the middle of the pariſh, the warehouſes upon it, and navigable water to them. There are four other houſes at the warehouſes, and the whole rent for upwards of 40 l. a year. Alſo a tract adjoining the above, containing about 170 acres, more than one half of which is wood land. An undoubted title will be made to the purchaſers, the entail being regularly cut off by a writ of *Ad quod Damnum*. It will be ſold altogether or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers; and any perſon will be treated with before the day of ſale, and ſhown the land, by applying to

CALEB HUNLEY.

AYLETT's, *October* 23, 1770.

WHEREAS Meſſ. *Murdochs, Donalds*, and company, of *Gloſter*, have diſcontinued their trade at this place, I hereby give notice to all thoſe who have open accounts on my books to come and ſettle them; and in order to prevent diſputes hereafter, bonds will be required for their reſpective balances, for which purpoſe I will attend regularly at this place during the enſuing winter and ſpring, (unleſs when the General and Oyer courts, or any of the neighboring county courts, intervene). As perſonal application, to every one concerned, cannot be made, due regard, it is hoped, will be paid to this advertiſement. Thoſe who fail to ſettle in due time muſt blame themſelves for laying me under the neceſſity of bringing ſuits againſt them, without further notice, to thoſe who ſhow the moſt readineſs to ſettle may expect the greateſt indulgence. The goods on hand will be ſold by wholeſale, on very reaſonable terms, which may be known by applying to

TF ARCHIBALD GOVAN.

*** Thoſe concerned are deſired to take notice that I have engaged Mr. *William Harris* to aſſiſt me in ſettling and collecting the debts due to Meſſ. *Murdochs, Donalds*, and company, at their ſtore at *Aylett's*. Any payments made to him will be good.

HANOVER town, *Sept.* 26, 1770.

WHEREAS Meſſ. *Murdochs, Donalds*, and company, of *Gloſter*, have diſcontinued their trade at *Hanover* town, I hereby give notice to all thoſe who have open accounts on my books to come and ſettle their reſpective balances, for which purpoſe I will give conſtant attendance at this place during the enſuing winter and ſpring; the General and Oyer courts, and the adjoining county court days, excepted. To prevent future diſputes, bonds will be demanded of all who are indebted to the ſtore, and ſatisfaction made to thoſe who have balances in their favour. As it is impoſſible for me to make perſonal application to every one with whom I have buſineſs, it is expected thoſe concerned will pay ſtrict regard to this advertiſement. Such as fail to make ſettlements in the time limited may depend on their accounts being put in ſuit, without farther notice; and muſt blame themſelves for being put to expenſe and trouble, which I would gladly avoid. The houſes and lots in this place are to be diſpoſed of; and the goods on hand will be ſold by wholeſale, on very reaſonable terms, which may be known by applying to me.

TF JOHN JOHNSON.

N. B. The ORDINARY and LOTS lately poſſeſſed by Mr. *William Clarke* alſo to be ſold, and entered on immediately. There being at preſent no publick houſe kept in this place, the purchaſer will undoubtedly meet with good encouragement.

TWENTY Gentlemen of the aſſociation having, by their letter of the 7th inſtant, deſired me to call a general meeting of the aſſociators on matters of importance, I do hereby requeſt the attendance of the aſſociators on Friday *the* 14th *of* December *next, at the Capitol, at* 4 *o'clock in the afternoon.*

PEYTON RANDOLPH, Moderator.

NORTHUMBERLAND, *Nov.* 1, 1770.

I INTEND to leave the COLONY immediately.

JOHN DOAK.

For WHITEHAVEN, *and will ſail in ſix weeks*,



THE brig *Nancy, Ralph Elliſt* maſter, now lying at *Norfolk*, burthen about one hundred and fifty tons. For freight apply to ſaid maſter, or the ſubſcriber.

JOHN GREENWOOD.

*** Who has for ſale HARDWARE, IRISH LINEN, WOOLLENS, and HOCKS, in aſſorted packages, with REFINED SUGAR, and crates of low priced EARTHEN WARE, imported in ſaid veſſel.

THIS is to forewarn all perſons from truſting the wife of the ſubſcriber, or to purchaſe any buſineſs with her, on my account, as I will not pay any more of her contracting, nor allow her receipts to be good.

3m. THOMAS YOUNGHUSBAND.

CUMBERLAND, *October* 23, 1770.

THE ſubſcriber intends to leave the colony, ſhortly, for a few months.

GEORGE CARRINGTON.

WARWICK, *Nov.* 7, 1770.

WHEREAS I intend for *Great Britain* ſome time in the enſuing fall, I have thought proper to give this early intimation of my deſign to my cuſtomers, to enable them with more conveniency to come and ſettle their accounts, before my departure, by giving bond, or other ſecurity, for their balances. The propriety of this meaſure is ſo obvious that I flatter myſelf it will be readily complied with. The buſineſs, after the firſt day of *September* next, will be carried on under the management of Mr. *James Fairley*.

6 JOHN ESDALE.

For CHARTER, *to any part in* Britain *or the Straits*,

THE NANCY, *Iſaac Thompſon* maſter, burthen about 380 hhds. or between 9 and 10,000 buſh. of grain, which will be ready to take in a cargo in about a fortnight. For particulars inquire of me, in *Norfolk*.

THOMAS THOMPSON.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, two mares.

One is black, about 4 feet 8 inches high, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the near buttock O; the other is white, about 4 feet 4 inches high, and branded on the near buttock IR. They had both roached manes, and bob tails, and were ſhod all fours. Poſted, and appraiſed, the black to 7 l. and the white to 5 l.

HENRY HARMAN.

TAKEN up, in *Buckingham*, four head of hogs, two of them white ſows, a black one, and a white [illegible] with a bob tail; the white ſows are marked, and are all marked with a ſwallow fork and underkeel in the right ear. Poſted, and appraiſed to 40 s.

THEODORICK WEBB.

TAKEN up, in *Halifax*, a bay ſtrowed colt one year old laſt ſpring, neither docked nor branded; alſo a dark bay mare about 4 feet 7 inches high, has two white ſtockings on the right fore leg, a ſprig tail and hanging mane on the right ſide, and branded on the near ſhoulder G, part of it very dark. Poſted and appraiſed, the colt to 30 s. and the mare to 6 l.

JOHN OWEN.

TAKEN up, in *Buckingham*, a black horſe about 4 feet 5 inches high, with a ſtar in his forehead, a ſlit in his note, one hind foot white, bay a ſhort dock, and is branded on the buttock L. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l.

ROBERT JONES.

TAKEN up, in *Cheſterfield*, a dark bay horſe 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, [illegible] years old, with a ſmall ſnip on his noſe, a very ſhort tail, a ſmall piece taken out of his left ear, branded on the near ſhoulder RD, and on the [illegible] AB in a piece. Poſted, and appraiſed to 30 s.

GEORGE TRAYLOR.

TAKEN up, in *Fauquier*, a ſtrawberry roan horſe about 14 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder [illegible] and on the near buttock I 5 L.

JOHN HOPPER, [illegible]

TAKEN up, in *King George*, a bay mare with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, has ſeveral ſaddle ſpots, paces in the bridle, and branded on the near ſide. Poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l.

ELIZABETH MASSEY.

TAKEN up, in *Southampton*, a mealy ſorrel (or bright bay) mare, about 4 years old, 4 feet 7 or 8 inches high, has a ſtar in her forehead, her hind feet white, branded on the off ſhoulder and near buttock S. Poſted, and appraiſed to 7 l.

JOHN MYRICK.

TAKEN up, in *Lunenburg*, a bay mare about 9 years old, about 4 feet 5 inches high, appears to have had a fiſtula, has a ſhort mane and tail, ſome ſaddle ſpots, paces ſlow, branded on the near ſhoulder with one dot, and on the near buttock with three dots. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l. 10 s.

DAVID JOHNSON.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a cheſtnut ſorrel mare 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, with a long mane and long bob tail, branded on the near ſhoulder W, and on the near buttock M. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l.

JOSEPH FOSTER.

TAKEN up, in *Halifax*, a gray mare 6 or 7 years old, 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, branded on the near ſhoulder X, and on the off ſhoulder D. Poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l.

BARTLET MILLAN.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a brindled ſteer, 5 or 6 years old, marked with a crop and ſwallow fork in each ear, and a half moon under the right. Poſted, and appraiſed to 40 s.

JOHN HARPER.

TAKEN up, in *Amherſt*, two brindled ſteers, marked with a ſlit in each ear, 4 or 5 years old, and one of them with ſome remarkable white ſpots about his forehead. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l. 5 s.

SAMUEL WOODS.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a black horſe about 4 feet 4 inches high, with a hanging mane and ſpare tail, branded on the near ſhoulder L, and on the near buttock with the bottom of a woman's ſtirrup iron. Poſted, and appraiſed to 7 l.

SAMUEL WALKER.

WE hereby give notice to *Nathaniel W. Dandridge*, Eſq; and his gardiners, to meet at *Hanover* town, on *Monday* the 3d of *December* next, when we will render an account of our tranſactions, and make dividends, agreeable to the terms of a deed of truſt made to us by the ſaid *Dandridge* in behalf of his creditors.

JOHN WAYLES.
WILLIAM MACON.
ROBERT [illegible]ERSON.
JOHN JOHNSON.

POETS CORNER.

On the DISSECTION of a BODY.

OBSERVE this wonderful machine,
View its connection with each part,
Thus furnish'd by the hand unseen,
How far surpassing human art!

Should ablest imitators try,
With utmost skill, to form a-like,
Could they so charm the curious eye?
Could they with equal wonder strike?

See how the motion of each part
Upon some other still depends,
When all a mutual aid impart,
Conducive to their various ends.

Whilst we th' amazing frame explore,
More secret wonders still we spy,
Yet there remain ten thousand more
Hid from the microscopick eye.

Here may the stupid atheist see
Convincing proofs, which all combine
To overthrow his wretched plan,
And speak the maker's hand divine.

What great emoluments accrue
To those whose nature's laws obey?
From such instructions in her view,
Ye sons of Æsculapius say!

Though God has call'd the life he lent,
Each vital function, dormant laid,
Here we trace nature's deep intent,
And see how once the springs were play'd.

These tubes convey'd the purple juice,
Which with new strength supply'd the whole;
And here branch'd forth the nerves, whose use
Was to keep converse with the soul.

This silent preacher points us out
The cause of many a latent ill,
Which heretofore lay hid in doubt,
Baffling each effort of our skill.

WARWICK, Nov. 5, 1770.

THE subscriber, intending to leave this colony soon, requests all those indebted to the store he keeps for Mess. James and Robert Donald and company of Glasgow, to pay their respective balances; at least to settle their accounts by bond or other specialty, for he would willingly prevent [illegible] with his friends. The business of this store, will be carried on to the usual extent by Mr. [illegible], and their stores in Prince Edward and Mecklenburg will be continued as formerly.
6 ROBERT DONALD.

AMHERST, Nov. 1, 1770.

LOST, about two years ago, the 2d and 3d volumes of SMOLLET's HISTORY, out of the house of Mrs. Anne Rose. The owner would be very glad to have them returned, if borrowed; if otherwise, information where they may be had will be taken kind.
1 PATRICK ROSE.

SURRY, Nov. 1, 1770.

I HAVE a likely young NEGRO FELLOW, a shipwright (with a set of tools) which I would sell on reasonable terms. He understands something of ship work, as he [illegible] at the business, and also country work. The [illegible] will have credit until the first of May next, on giving [illegible] security, or a merchant's assumpsit for the money, which [illegible] in Williamsburg.
COLIN CAMPBELL.

WESTMORELAND, Nomony, October 31, 1770.

AS I intend to leave the colony the ensuing spring, I hereby give notice to those who are indebted to Mess. James Ritchie, William Campbell, and company, of Ayr, who have open accounts upon their books, to come and settle them; and in order to prevent disputes hereafter, bonds will be expected from those that do not make immediate payment. I expect all persons concerned will pay due regard to this advertisement, as all accounts unsettled, after the first day of May next, will then be put in suit. The goods now remaining in the store will be sold by wholesale, on reasonable terms; and twelve months credit allowed, bond and security being given to
1 JOHN SINCLAIR.

To be SOLD at PRINCE EDWARD *courthouse, on* Thursday *the 20th of* December *next,*

ONE hundred and forty SLAVES, amongst which are several good tradesmen, and some valuable house servants. Credit will be allowed until the Oyer and Terminer court in June next, the purchasers giving bond and good security. A proper allowance made for ready money. The notes of merchants will be received, and their bills of exchange, for the greatest part of the slaves, will be taken in payment. An indisputable title will be made to the purchasers.

To be SOLD, *or* LEASED, *upon reasonable terms,*

THREE lots in the town of *Petersburg*, viz. One lot where *Francis Newsham* formerly lived (a fine dry situation, and convenient to a good spring) on which is a painted dwellinghouse 36 feet by 28 with two brick chimnies, a fine dry cellar under the house, three rooms and a passage on the lower floor, and two rooms and a closet above, with five fireplaces, a kitchen and shop, under one roof, 40 feet by 20, with a brick chimney, also a good smokehouse and dairy. One lot where *John Parker* formerly lived, on which is a good dwellinghouse 24 feet square with two brick chimnies, a cellar under part of the house, four rooms upon the lower floor, and two rooms above, with five fireplaces. All the above houses have been built but a few years. One lot opposite to the first, on which is a small dwellinghouse with a brick chimney. Also 500 acres of very good land in *Dinwiddie* county, lying on *Hatcher's* run, adjoining the land of Col. *John Banister*, on which is a very convenient place for a mill. For terms apply to *Edward Stabler*, merchant in *Petersburg*, or to the subscriber in *Charles City*.
6 LITTLEBERRY HARDYMAN.

PETERSBURG, Nov. 1, 1770.

LANDED from on board the *Brunswick*, Capt. *Alexander M'Larty*, last voyage, a piece of German osnabrugs; which the owner may have on proving his property, and paying the expense of this advertisement, by applying to
WILLIAM BEATTIE.

To be SOLD *to the highest bidder, at* King William *courthouse, on* Thursday *the 20th of* December, *being court day,*

A TRACT of LAND in the said county, containing 130 acres, known by the name of *Golden's*, being within three miles of *Ruffin's* ferry, on which are improvements fit for cropping. Twelve months credit will be allowed, the purchaser giving bond and security to
GEORGE THOMAS.
DAVID COCHRAN.

RICHMOND, *Nov.* 1, 1770.

I INTEND to leave the colony soon.
JOHN FARQUHARSON.

To be SOLD *for ready money, on* Monday *the 2d of* December, *at* Low Point, *on* Chippox *creek,* Surry *county,*

A BALE of DUTCH BLANKETS, imported in the *Lord Clive, Duncan Murray* master, for the benefit of the ensurers.
WALTER PETER.

To be SOLD, *on* Tuesday *the 27th instant, to the highest bidder, on the premises, if fair, otherwise next fair day,*

A VALUABLE tract of LAND (lately belonging to *William Moore*) near *Freeman's* bridge, on the [illegible] side of *Nottoway* river, in *Sussex* county, containing, by [illegible], 1000 acres, though supposed to be more. The land being well known, it needs not much describing; however, it is, in general, fine for corn and wheat, and a great part for tobacco, having near 200 acres of rich low grounds, and some very fine high land little inferiour to the low grounds, neither much cut down. It has on it a good dwellinghouse with a hall and chamber, and two chambers up stairs, a large commodious outhouse with brick chimnies, a new and commodious planked kitchen with a convenient cellar, a good floored barn, two other barns, and all other necessary houses, with a good still fixed in a good still house, and three good apple orchards. It lies about 40 miles from *Petersburg*, 25 from *Cabin Point*, one mile only from a good mill, and one mile and a half from *Nottoway* church. It may be entered on the 1st of *January* next, and credit will be allowed for half the purchase money until the 1st of *February* 1772, and for the other half until the 1st of *February* 1773, bond and approved security being given to
JOHN VERELL.

To be SOLD *to the highest bidder, at* Hanover *courthouse, on the first* Thursday *in* December *next, being court day,*

A TRACT of LAND in the said county, about eight miles above the courthouse, in the forks of *Pamunkey*, belonging to the estate of *Charles Goodall*, deceased. As this land has been formerly advertised, and a particular description given thereof, I think it needless to give any farther description of the same. The terms will be made known at the day of sale. 1 SAMUEL OVERTON, Executor.

To be SOLD, *pursuant to the last will and testament of* Edward Pye Chamberlayne, *deceased, at* Buckingham *courthouse, on the second* Monday *in* December, *being court day,*

A TRACT of LAND lying in the said county, adjoining the land of Captain *Richard Chamberlayne*, and containing 800 acres. The plantation is in good order for working about eight hands, is of a fine soil for tobacco, and may be entered on immediately. Twelve months credit will be allowed, the purchasers giving bond with approved security, to

5 REBECCA CHAMBERLAYNE. PHILIP W. CLAIBORNE. RICHARD S. TAYLOR. } Executors.

To be SOLD *on reasonable terms, and may be entered on immediately,*

A NEW DOUBLE FORGE with four fires and two hammers, a GRISTMILL and SAWMILL, with dwelling houses, smith's shop, stables, three horse teams, four waggons, and other utensils, all in good order. There is belonging to and adjoining the forge 1100 acres of well timbered land, about 30 acres of which is very proper for meadow ground; and about 200 acres of well timbered land about five miles from the forge, on which there is a large body of excellent iron ore. The forge and mills are situated on a never failing stream of water on the head of *Nanticocke* river, within two miles and a half of a landing on said river, which leadeth into *Chesapeak* bay; and within 14 miles of a landing on the *Broad Kill* creek, which leadeth into *Delaware* bay; as also within five miles of two furnaces. The works are in an excellent part of the country for a store, and very convenient to be supplied with pig metal from the two neighbouring furnaces, or from any part of *Chesapeak* bay, being so near a landing on a river that proceeds out of that bay. As the stream of water on which the above works are situated is sufficient for them, together with a furnace eight or nine months in the year, they would suit a purchaser who inclined to build a furnace, especially as there is a body of ore convenient, and the erecting a furnace there would be attended with a small expense, as it would suit on the same stream, where every thing is in order but barely erecting the furnace. Any one inclining to purchase may know the terms by applying to *Thomas Blain* in *Westmoreland*, Mr. *Jacob Allan* in *Williamsburg*, or *Joseph* and *Samuel Shankland* on the premises.
UNITY FORGE, *Nov.* 1, 1770. 1



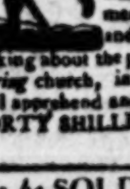
RUN away from the subscriber, some time last *May*, a mulatto man named MILFORD, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slim made, and about 22 years old. One of his hands has been burnt, which has occasioned the upper joint of one of his fingers to grow down and join to the next; one of his arms has been broke, near his wrist, which may be perceived, as it was not well set. He passes for a freeman, by the name of WILL, and I understand was employed for some time on board Mr. *Hodge's* vessel, and since that has been taken up and put in *Stafford* jail, from which he broke out the first of this month, and crossed *Patowmack* river in a canoe, in company with a negro belonging to Col. *Harrison* of *Nanjamy*. I expect he will get on board some vessel, and pass for a sailor. Whoever will apprehend the said fellow, and deliver him to me, in *Orange* county, shall receive THREE POUNDS reward, besides what the law allows. All masters of vessels are hereby forewarned from harbouring or carrying off the said fellow.
1 LAWRENCE TALIAFERRO.



RUN away from the subscriber, in *Stafford*, near *Boyd's Hole*, on *Monday* the 23d of *July*, a mulatto servant man named FREDERICK M'FARLAN, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, a likely well made fellow, had on a green plains jacket without sleeves, osnabrug shirt, and short breeches. On the day he went away he broke open one of my negro quarters, and stole the following clothes, viz. a white cloth coat, a pair of black knit breeches, a pair of black worsted stockings, and a pair of white thread ones, two pair of silver buckles, one pair of which had silver tongues and anchors, one pair of pumps, a fine new hat, two new brown shirts, and one white one. I have been lately informed that a person answering his description applied to one *Lyburn*, a skipper of a sloop that lay at *Port Royal*, to get employment on board; but the said *Lyburn*, being apprehensive he might not be free, would not employ him, and that he saw him a few days afterwards, on board a vessel loading salt (from on board the ship *Falmouth*) and bound to *Nansemond*. I do hereby promise a reward of THREE POUNDS, besides what the law allows, to any person that will deliver him to me.
JOHN STUART.

RUN away from my plantation in *Mecklenburg*, about the first of AUGUST last, a negro fellow about 40 years old, 5 feet three inches high, speaks very little ENGLISH, one of his fingers has been hurt, and is much smaller than the rest; he was clothed as field negroes generally are. I imagine he is in *North Carolina*, as he was taken up in that province and committed to *Hertford* jail, from whence I got him last *December*. Whoever will deliver him to BURRELL BROWN on the said plantation, or to me near PETERSBURG, shall have 40s. reward.
1 PETER JONES.

AMELIA county, *Nov.* 1, 1770.



RUN away from the subscriber, the 19th of *May* last, a likely *Virginia* born negro fellow named TOM, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, very well made, talks much, has a long visage, with a down look, and was clothed in the usual negro dress. He was formerly the property of one *Tomkins* of *Gloucester*; and I am well informed he has been frequently seen lurking about the plantation of Mr. *William Hubard*, near *Poplar Spring* church, in said county, where he has a wife. Whoever will apprehend and secure him in the above county jail shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, on notice given to
JAMES HENDERSON.

To be SOLD, *for twelve months credit, at* Kemp's *warehouse in* Middlesex *county, on* Monday *the 3d of* December, *if fair, otherwise next fair day,*

SIX hundred and twenty four acres of land, being part of that very valuable and fine plantation known by the name of *Elliot's*, lying on *Piankatank* river, which abounds with the finest fish and oysters; it is convenient to church and mill. It will be sold altogether, or in parcels, as may best suit the purchasers. Bond, with approved security, will be required by
4 WILLIAM CHURCHILL.
CHURCHILL JONES.

Just IMPORTED,

A LARGE and fresh assortment of goods, suitable for the season; and to be sold by the subscriber, at *Aylett's* warehouse, on reasonable terms.
tf JAMES GOVAN.

NORTHUMBERLAND, *October* 12, 1770.

I WANT a bale of OSNABRUGS, marked N / B S, *No.* 7, which was imported in the *Betsy* last *May*. As several Gentlemen on *Rappahannock* river had goods by the same ship, I imagine it has been sent, through mistake of Captain *Boyd*, to some one of them; who will please to inform me, either by a letter, or an advertisement in this paper, where to send for it. Any charges they have been at shall be thankfully paid by 6 ROBERT GILMOUR.

HANOVER town, JULY 25, 1770.

THE subscriber having discontinued the store kept by him in this town, requests all those who are indebted to him to settle their accounts immediately, by payment or otherwise. This advertisement, together with the indulgence he has already given, will, he hopes, save farther application, as all those who do not comply with it may expect to have their accounts put into an attorney's hands, without other notice, or respect of persons. He has a quantity of goods, which he will sell on reasonable terms, for ready money or short credit.
tf JOHN SMITH.

For SALE,

A PLANTATION, situated in *Nansemond* county, distance from *Suffolk* seven miles, from *Norfolk* twenty seven. It contains 179 acres, one third of which is not yet cleared, has on it a very good two story brickhouse, with outhouses proper. Any one inclining to purchase may know the terms by applying to *James Murdaugh* in *Nansemond*, or *Bryan Crofsie* in *Portsmouth*. tf

ALL Persons may be supplied with this PAPER at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inserted in it for 3*s.* the first Week, and 2*s.* each Week after. —— *** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition.

SUPPLEMENT to the VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

N O V E M B E R 22, 1770.

LONDON, *Sept.* 25.

BY a person arrived in town from Newcastle we are informed that a French Lady there, on her travels, had the curiosity last week to descend into the colliery at Long Benton, which is forty six fathom deep, and went through all the various workings therein; she likewise hewed a piece of fine coal, which she proposes to carry with her to France. On her return to the bank she made the workmen a very handsome present.

A certain Countess had signified her intention of attending at Court on Saturday, but was given to understand it would be much more agreeable to decline it. For why, said a great and amiable Lady, should she come to be mortified, and no notice (consistent with decorum) can be taken of her?

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, *Sept.* 21.

"Last night press warrants were sent hither, and early this morning the press gangs went on board the merchant ships, and stripped them of all the hands they thought useful, before it was known in town. They secured the impressed men in a tender, came on shore, and in the publick houses and in the streets picked up many good sailors. The men of war fitted out here have taken in all their stores, and will be ready to sail as soon as the marines can be put on board; but that cannot with safety be done until a marching regiment comes into town to do duty in their room."

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Sept. 23.

"Last night we had a very hot press here; they got near [illegible] men.

"His Majesty's frigate Kennington is at present [illegible] from her voyage to Barbadoes, and [illegible]

[illegible]

The following is said to be an exact account of the ships sent by the Spaniards from Buenos Ayres to take possession of Falkland Islands, viz. One frigate of 30 guns, [illegible] seamen, and [illegible] three frigates of [illegible] seamen, and [illegible] soldiers; one frigate of 20 guns, [illegible] seamen, and [illegible] soldiers.

It is said that the Favourite sloop was kept off the Island three several times by the Spaniards.

It is reported that all the papers and journals kept on board the Favourite sloop of war, from Falkland Island, have been ordered up from Portsmouth, for the inspection of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty; and that the above sloop is ordered into dock, and her crew on board the guardships.

It is said Lord Chatham is much against the tedious form of demanding the restitution of Falkland Islands from the Spaniards; his Lordship, as they have first begun hostilities, being of opinion that some important blow should be struck immediately on our part.

Conferences have been held almost every night, for a fortnight past, at Powis House, in Ormond street, between his Excellency the Spanish Ambassadour and most of the other foreign Ministers. Some nights these conferences lasted from eight o'clock until near two the next morning.

Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Dowager of Wales and Duke of Gloucester's domestick servants are all ordered to be in waiting on Monday next, being the day they are expected home.

Not less than nine messengers have been sent from the Spanish Ambassadour's, within the course of a fortnight past, to the Court of Madrid.

An Ambassadour extraordinary from the Court of Portugal is daily expected here, on business of great importance.

When the Spanish Ambassadour was asked concerning the truth of some important intelligence received by our Court, he very politely assured the Secretary that he could not return an answer until he had received farther orders from Madrid.

Saturday his Grace the Duke of Northumberland was at Court, and had a conference with his Majesty.

Messengers were on Monday sent to several members of the Privy Council in the country, to repair to town directly.

Yesterday, at the farther prorogation of the Parliament to the 13th of November, the Earl of Rochford sat as Speaker for Lord Mansfield, and the head clerk supplied the place of the Speaker of the House of Commons.

The time of the meeting of the Parliament to transact business will be finally determined tomorrow, in Council, at Whitehall.

Some say it is the determined resolution of the present Ministry rather to resign in a body than, on any terms whatever, to form a coalition with any of the opposite party.

There is a report that 10 Spanish sail of the line, with between 3 or 4000 troops, are hovering about Jamaica. Intelligence of this nature, it is asserted, was transmitted also near three months since, by Commodore Forrest, a few days before his death.

Yesterday morning, early, an extraordinary packet sailed with instructions to the Governour of Jamaica.

Extract of a letter from Jamaica.

"A vessel arrived here from Honduras brings a confirmation of a report before current that the Spaniards, by an order from Old Spain, had destroyed all the mahogany lying on the small bays, to prevent our traders coming on that coast; and that two vessels have returned, since the above transaction, without any wood on board."

All visiters are forbid entering Lord Rochford's office at this particular time. His Lordship being Secretary to the northern department, makes it imagined the Russian affairs now engross the business of that office.

The last letters from Gallipoli mention that upwards of three hundred Greek inhabitants had just been butchered by the Turkish soldiers, in their passage through that city, to guard the Straits of the Dardanelles.

On the 21st instant a Venetian squadron, well manned, with frigates, sailed down the Adriatick; but their destination was not known.

The formidable French fleet in the Mediterranean, we are informed, is far inferiour to what has been represented. That before Tunis, which has been so much exaggerated, in fact, consists of no more than two ships of the line and a few frigates; they have another ship or two in a different station, and that is the whole of their force in those seas.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Sept. 10.

"For upwards of a year past the Court of Aids not having obeyed the letters of command that had been sent them for the registering of the free gifts from the towns, the Duke of Orleans went last Friday, in the King's name, to require the same to be registered. The consternation that appeared in the countenance of that Prince was very remarkable; the speech he made on the occasion could scarce be heard; that of the first President was not more audible, but is said to be extremely nervous and pathetick. The same court had prepared remonstrances concerning the carrying off the two members of the court of the Parliament of Rennes, who, as being members of the Court of Aids at Rennes, seemed to authorise that of Paris to take that step; but the King, who will not allow of confederacies among the several Parliaments, will suffer them still less among other courts of magistracy. It is assured that his Majesty has refused to receive them."

Yesterday several merchants waited on the Lords of the Admiralty, praying their Lordships attention to the homeward bound ships from North America in general, and Newfoundland in particular, as to the security of the men, and received for answer that the merchants might depend on due attention being paid to their request.

It is said that the Lords of the Admiralty have ordered two fourth rate men of war, two sloops, and a xebeck, to cruise for three months in the bay of Biscay.

We are assured that six ships of the line are ordered to be immediately completed for service, before any other of the present armament.

It is talked that Admiral Rodney will command the fleet of observation intended to cruise between Ushant and Cape Finisterre.

Richard Hughes, Esq; is appointed to the command of his Majesty's ship the Centaur.

Yesterday was held a full Board of Admiralty, when divers Lieutenants and Pursers on the half pay list were put upon full commission.

The Lords of the Admiralty have ordered 14 frigates to be put into commission.

The Sandwich of 90 guns, Royal William of 80 guns, Lenox and Elizabeth of 74 guns each, are ordered to be commissioned at Gosport.

We hear that another battalion will be raised and added to the royal regiment of artillery.

Monday two speculating jobbers in Exchange alley, lost 3000 l. by the fall of bank stock.

The press for seamen began in Ireland the very day it did in London.

They write from Bristol that the press gang, immediately upon its appearance there, was joined by a great number of volunteers, and was very successful otherwise.

Extract of a letter from Gravesend, *Sept.* 24.

"This afternoon the officers of a man of war went on board the Duke of Richmond East Indiaman, in order to press the men. When they came on board, the commanding officer was told by the chief mate of the Indiaman that the seamen had seized the arms chest, and were determined not to be pressed. On this, at high water, the man of war dropped alongside the Duke of Richmond; the chief mate hailed the man of war, and told the Captain the seamen were armed, and determined to resist, and that he could not be answerable for the consequence, if they persisted in pressing the people. However, the man of war laid the India ship alongside, and a scuffle ensued, in which one man on board the India ship was killed, and several dangerously wounded. Notwithstanding this, they would not suffer the man of war's people to enter the ship; on which these last thought it advisable to sheer off, and the India ship's people came on shore, and set out for London."

The major part of the sailors on board the East India company's ships have refused to proceed on their voyages under forty shillings per month, and safe protection.

Yesterday a press gang, in their longboat, passing by a merchant ship on this side Deptford, ordered the latter to bring to, when one of the crew gave the Lieutenant very ill language; upon which the Lieutenant ordered the gang to row alongside the vessel, and promised the merchantmen that he would not press one of them if they would give up the man who had abused him. This they agreed to; he went on board, and laid hold of the sailor, who desired he might fetch his things out of the hold. This was consented to, and he soon returned with a brace of pistols, swearing that the first man that touched him he would shoot through the head; which the officer endeavouring to do, the sailor shot him dead on the spot.

Yesterday upwards of a hundred coalheavers were seized by press gangs, and conveyed on board tenders to be carried to the guardships; they had refused to work on board the colliers, though offered protections, and were sculking on shore at Wapping and Rotherhithe.

The Lord Mayor is said to have had an altercation on the subject of pressing, with the Lords of the Admiralty, and the regulating Captains have been ordered to make a submission to his Lordship for pressing some people in the city.

We are credibly informed that the press warrants do not extend to the taking any housekeeper, notwithstanding he has been at sea.

Mr. Adam has obtained protections for all his workmen employed in the new buildings called the Adelphi, in Durham yard.

The press for seamen, which is now extended to every part of this kingdom, has already advanced the price of fish at Billingsgate upwards of ninety per cent.

Saturday there was a general press for recruiting his Majesty's marines in the borough of Southwark, when upwards of 200 persons were impressed for that purpose; and on Monday 150 of them were returned, as fit and able men to serve their country.

On Sunday and Monday last about 150 Spitalfields journeymen weavers entered as volunteers, at the places of rendezvous below bridge.

Monday the wife of a cooper, in Spitalfields, hung herself in the necessary. It is supposed the occasion of committing this rash action was owing to her husband being pressed last week, who left her with three small children, and big with a fourth.

The Lord Mayor has given an invitation to all the Aldermen to dine with him, at the Mansion House, next Saturday.

Miss Catley, from Smock Alley, Dublin, is engaged at Covent Garden theatre, at 15 l. a week.

Yesterday the building committee of the city of London Lying In hospital waited on the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, to request his Lordship would do them the honour of laying the first stone of the new hospital, at the corner of the city road, when they were politely received; his Lordship accepted the invitation, and contributed genteelly towards the said building.

The Spaniards have taken care to be armed at all points to receive us. A new Governour of Cadiz has put that place, and the adjoining coast, into a proper state of defence; and General O'Reily, who arrived at Madrid in July or August from the Havannah, assured his Catholick Majesty that every place in that part of the world had been visited by him, and was left in thorough repair.

The young Gentleman who performed Lord Aimworth, in the Maid of the Mill, last night, at the Theatre Royal in Drury Lane, was received with general applause.

The intelligence brought by the Favourite sloop is considered only as a confirmation of the commencement of hostilities by the Spaniards, even before the Tamar sloop, which arrived in May, left that place. The accounts then published agree in substance with the letter sent on Monday night from the Admiralty Office to Lloyd's coffeehouse, with respect to the number of ships and the forces sent by the Spaniards, who had landed before the Tamar sloop came away. Our force there at that time was too small to make any resistance, being only two sloops of 16 guns; and it is looked upon as the best method they could pursue for one to bring home the intelligence the soonest possible, and for the other to watch their motions as long as the Spaniards would suffer them to continue, which was until the beginning of June, when they took possession of Port Egmont.

After the notice given to the merchants that they may take care to secure their effects, some people have been sanguine enough to lay wagers that war will be declared within the course of the month. These, however, who are more to be depended on, say that an event of so much importance will hardly take place before the meeting of Parliament, and that the Ministry will venture upon no step of that kind without the concurrent sense of the legislature. In the mean time, however, the most vigorous preparations will be made, and all things got in readiness to act with spirit, if a war should then be found unavoidable.

On Friday last two expresses, on the back of one another, passed through Bromley, on their way to Hayes.

It is reported that Lord North waited upon the Earl of Chatham, a few days since, at his Lordship's seat at Hayes, but upon what business is a profound secret.

The Earl of Chatham, it is said, is in the highest credit with a great personage; his declaration, when he pledged his honour in the House of Lords that the Spaniards had already struck a blow against us in some part of the world, being now verified.

It is now generally conjectured that Lord Chatham's intelligence came by means of the King of Prussia; a friendly correspondence having commenced between that illustrious sovereign and the patriotick Earl when in power, which has ever since continued.

This day a Privy Council was summoned to meet, supposed to be on the subject of a war with Spain.

Last night 20 per cent. was given to ensure ships from the Leeward Islands, but to return 15 in case of no war before their arrival.

A Board of Admiralty is to be held tomorrow at the Admiralty Office, Charing Cross, when some material matters respecting the several states of ships now fitting out will be taken into consideration.

It is reported that the commissions have been taken from two officers on board a man of war, in consequence of great complaints of their conduct during the time they were invested with the power of impressing seamen.

Last night four sailors, belonging to the Duke of Richmond [illegible], who were wounded on Monday last by the crew of the Lynx man of war, were brought to St. Thomas's hospital. One has received a dangerous wound in the thigh, and the ball is not yet extracted; another received a ball in the breast, which came out between the ribs. It is thought these two cannot recover. The other two are wounded very terribly, in the calf of the leg.

Yesterday afternoon several ships at Gravesend, homeward bound, were stripped of all their men and [illegible], not leaving them any hands to bring them to their moorings in the river.

Yesterday the press was very hot about Wapping and Shadwell, when they picked up a great number of loose and idle fellows.

The *Russian* fleet was at anchor, the 16th of August, between the island of Scio and the Asiatick continent.

A correspondent assures us that Admiral Elphinstone is a Yorkshire Gentleman by birth, but descended from a second son of James the first Lord Balmerino, who attended King James I. in 1603, into England, and marrying a Gentlewoman of fortune, he settled in York; and his posterity have continued there ever since. The present Admiral was in the sea engagement, off Toulon, with Admiral Matthews, in 1743, and with Lord Anson off Cape Finisterre, in 1747; after which he conducted the fleet of Sir George Pocock, through the gulf of Florida, in May 1762.

A committee of merchants of this metropolis is already appointed to conduct the American business during the ensuing session of Parliament.

By this day's mail there is advice of the death of Prince William Adolphus of Brunswick Wolfenbuttel, Major General and Colonel of a regiment in the Prussian service, and Knight of the Golden Eagle, who was serving as a volunteer in the *Russian* army. His illness was a sore throat, which carried him off in nine days. He was born in May 1745.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

A challenge was sent on Friday morning from Mr. F—, the Common Councilman (who so remarkably distinguished himself by his *polite* behaviour at the feast, the day before, at the Mansion House) to a certain great magistrate, in consequence of which the parties met, with two friends, that evening, at the King's Arms tavern in Cornhill, when the former accused the latter of inhospitable behaviour, and *swore* he would have satisfaction; the other calmly replied he was ready to satisfy him in any manner he chose, and proceeded to draw his sword, on which Mr. F. suddenly jumped from his opponent, and cried out murder! murder! This alarmed some company in the house, who immediately rushed into the room, where they found Mr. F. in a terrible agitation, who declared, upon an explanation of the affair, that "he did write the challenge, but he by no means meant to fight with "swords, or pistols, but only to take a *punch at his* "*Lordship's head.*"

A Gentleman well skilled in calculation has declared that during the time he was present in the parlour at the Mansion House, on Thursday last, he can safely make affidavit that the *oaths* sworn among the *sober* citizens, on account of the *disappointment* at dinner, supposing them to be paid for according to law, at a crown each, would amount to the sum of *two hundred and twenty five pounds ten shillings.*

Letter from Lieutenant Mackenzie, *in the* Russian *service, from on board her Imperial Majesty's ship* Switoslaff, *off* Scio, *in the* Archipelago, *to his friend here, dated* July 29th.

DEAR SIR,

THE day after my last letter we sailed for Scio, having intelligence that the Turkish squadron was there. Commodore Grigg, in the morning, was sent to reconnoitre the road between Scio and the main. In the afternoon the Commodore made the signal for seeing the enemy, consisting of 28 vessels, and two ships of the line, working out; but on seeing our fleet they returned in, and joined their squadron, on which our General Admiral made the signal for a general chase, in order to get sight of the enemy before night. At seven the next morning the General Admiral made a signal to prepare for battle, and at half past seven we got sight of the Turkish fleet, consisting of 15 sail of the line, three large frigates, seven large armed ships, besides gallies, all at anchor. The General Admiral then made a signal for all commanders to come on board, to hold a council of war; and it was immediately agreed for Admiral Spiritoff to lead the van, the General Admiral to lead the main body, and Admiral Elphinstone to bring up the rear. At ten the signal was made to form the line, and they immediately bore down upon the enemy. At eleven the Turkish Admiral began to fire, and our headmost ships began to engage. At three quarters after Admiral Spiritoff came alongside the Turkish Admiral, and began to engage very desperately. Having his topmast shot away, he was obliged to board sword in hand. Soon after the Turkish Admiral was set on fire; and his mainmast falling on board Admiral Spiritoff, set him on fire also, and in about five minutes after both the ships were blown up. The remainder of the Turkish squadron cut their cables, and pushed in in for the harbour of Chismé. The whole of our fleet came to an anchor off the harbour; they cannonaded us the whole night. We kept heaving of bombs, and firing bomb shells, all the night; but our shot not taking the proper effect, we hauled off. The Turks, having got a battery erected on shore, kept continually firing. We were employed in making two fireships, and on the 26th, our fireships being prepared, a council of war was held on board the Lord High Admiral, the result of which was that at midnight four ships of the line, two frigates, and a bombketch, should bear down upon the enemy, all under the command of Commodore Grigg, and that the fireships should go in upon the enemy. Accordingly the signal was made, at half past twelve, to weigh; so we got under way to bear into the harbour, as also the two fireships, the one commanded by Captain Lieutenant Dugdale, and the other I had the honour to command. After a desperate fire from our ships, our signals were made to bear down upon the enemy, which was answered by them. Captain Dugdale and I determined fairly to lay our vessels alongside the enemy, before we set them on fire; but his boat's crew not understanding him so well as could be wished for, his vessel was set on fire before it was close enough. I, finding that, bore away something from him, for fear of catching fire. I then luffed up for the centre of the enemy's ships; my grapplings at my fore yard arm caught the bob stay of one of their largest men of war, and, to my good fortune, I set my vessel on fire, and in about five minutes the Turkish ship was all in a blaze. I got off, thank God, without *fear or* wound, and brought all my men safe off, though closely pursued by the enemy. The moment I came on board the Lord High Admiral I was congratulated on my being made a Captain. The next morning, about seven o'clock, the whole of the Turkish fleet were entirely burned, except one, which was towed off by our boats.

Advertisements.

Falls of POTOWMACK, *Nov.* 10, 1770.

ON the 10th of *December* next, at this place, if fair, otherwise next fair day, will be sold near one hundred hogsheads of choice TOBACCO, with a considerable quantity of WHEAT and CORN, for ready cash, bills of exchange, or merchants notes; likewise fifty head of SHEEP, with some very likely COLTS, a set of SMITH's TOOLS, a set of COOPER's do. and a considerable quantity of HOUSEHOLD furniture, consisting of a number of good FEATHER BEDS, TABLES, CHAIRS, and other necessaries, too tedious to mention.

The lands in *Prince William* and *Fauquier* will then be sold, to the highest bidders, *viz.* 499 acres on *Powell's* run, in *Prince William*, within eight miles of *Dumfries*, and a fine road. It is well watered, and abounds with white oak in such quantities that great advantages may be made from staves; besides, it is tolerable land, and affords at least one half meadow grounds, and the best range for stock of all kinds. Another tract adjoining, containing 250 acres, with a settlement, and much the same advantages in timber, meadow grounds, &c. well watered. Another tract near Captain *Davis's*, in the said county, on the branches of *Occoquan*, containing 400 acres; a plantation thereon that rented for 800 lb. of tobacco. Also a small tract in *Fauquier*, containing 91 acres, rich low grounds, lying on *Cedar* run, well timbered, and is very valuable. Any person inclinable to purchase any of those lands may depend on a bargain, and may have near three years credit, on giving bond and approved security.

At the same time and place I propose letting out, for a number of years, all those valuable improvements at the said falls, on the following reasonable terms. The merchant mills at the landing, with two pair of stones, and all conveniences, together with the room above, 151 feet long by 36, for cooling of flower and storing large quantities of wheat. The said mills are sufficient to manufacture, in the space of twelve months, 50,000 bushels into good merchantable flower, with proper attendance. The whole thereto belonging I would let out for the sum of 150 l. a year. The bakehouse with three ovens, all complete, with fine bread rooms, &c. and firing very convenient, for the sum of 40 l. a year. The stores, granaries, cellars, and counting rooms, well situated at the landing, and very convenient, where large vessels may come with deep [illegible], either to load or unload, and is well calculated for a considerable trade, to be let for 50 l. a year. The publick house, well finished, with ten fireplaces, good cellars, and very convenient to take in boarders, a fine *French* cook, and firewood sufficient, altogether, for 30 l. a year. A new gristmill for two pair of stones, just above on the same stream, built for the country custom, for the annual rent of 100 l. although the last year's toll from the country will amount [illegible] l. at the lower mills. A sawmill likewise, at the same place, and timber convenient, for [illegible] l. a year. The houses and gardens on the hill, with firewood, &c. for 20 l. a year.

The country gristmill and sawmill are not quite finished, but I shall [illegible] the [illegible], as likewise for any thing [illegible] at or about the other improvements, so that there shall be no complaint on delivering up in good repair.

There are also about forty lots for sale, including the tobacco warehouses, which are very conveniently situated to the landing, and will be sold very reasonable [illegible]. Each lot is subject to a ground rent of 7s. 6d. sterling, payable to the Hon. *Philip Ludwell Lee*, Esq. A good title will be made to the purchasers in fee.

The great advantages of the falls are so well known that there needs nothing more at present but just mentioning that it abounds with fine building stone, has fine cool water from the [illegible] springs, and is a remarkable place for fishing the whole season through. It is the [illegible] landing to the back country, and must be allowed [illegible] the best places for the purchasing of wheat on *Potowmack*, as well as for disposing of all kinds of merchandise, being ten miles and a half nearer to the back trade than *Alexandria*.

I likewise give notice, and do earnestly request the meeting of all my creditors at the falls on the day appointed, that whatever balance I may fall short in payment they may depend on being well secured [illegible] and those who have not [illegible] their accounts with me are desired to do it any time between this and the said 10th of *December*. I will attend, [illegible] to give all the satisfaction in my power.

JOHN BALLENDINE.

Just imported from LONDON, *in the* TWO SISTERS, *Captain* TAYLOR, *and to be* SOLD *by the subscriber, at the store next door to the* POST OFFICE, *on the most reasonable terms, for ready money, a very large and fashionable assortment of* MILLINERY, *and other goods suitable for the season, viz.*

VERY rich *China* tafetas of all colours, white lutestring, [illegible] printed cottons, [illegible] and [illegible], [illegible] muslin, striped and thick ell wide do. long lawns, cambricks, clear lawns, plain ell wide and yard wide gauze, striped, flowered, and sprigged do. catgut, persians, new fashioned muslin, laced and flowered ruffling handkerchiefs, chintz [illegible] gauze do. spotted, striped, bordered, and flowered do. yard wide black silk handkerchiefs, striped bordered lawn do. beautiful flower caps, [illegible], plumes with leaves, single do. lace and gauze caps, fashionable [illegible] of gauze, gauzed puffs, great variety of ribands, new fashioned figured and plaited do. silver [illegible], thread, tinsel, lace, and flowered do. best *Italian* [illegible] and breast flowers, french in bunches, very nice hair rolls and [illegible], single and double [illegible], paste combs, plain, hollow backed, tortoiseshell, and horn do. paste sprigs, [illegible] and paste birds, [illegible] and pearl half moons, very large *French* paste sprigs, do. star pins and fancy do. [illegible] and thistle sprigs in chased work, do. in form of leaves, real garnet do. marcasite, &c. a general assortment of necklaces, fine *French*, [illegible], and oval [illegible] agates, jet and common do. real and mock garnet do. pearl and jet necklaces, do. earrings, bugles, fine stone buckles, *London* gilt do. [illegible], pinchbeck, and common do. all sorts of velvet collars, bunded do. all sorts of wadding, [illegible] mourning and ivory fans, in cases, common do. plain and bordered lawn aprons, striped and minionet lawn do. Jacob's ladder, edgings, minionet and blond laces, floss to work muslin with, *Lyle's* and other threads, needles, pins, tapes, silver thimbles, pinchbeck, ivory, and common do. earpicks, toothpicks, childrens blue caps and feathers, walking boys do. Ladies riding hats and feathers, gloves for do. cap wire, Gentlemens very fine furred hats, watch strings, purses, thread gloves, white silk, buckskin, beaver, yellow wash, and black shamois do. Ladies black and white silk gloves and mits, nice grained kid, coloured lamb, purple, and black shamois do. *Dilsbury's* and *Davis's* shoes, blue and white satin pumps, calimanco and leather shoes, boys and girls do, childrens black and blue bonnets, gloves for do. mens best [illegible] silk hose, do. raw silk, marble do. fine worsted do. white, gray, and black do. for women, boys and girls do. plain and flowered satin cloaks and bonnets, *Denmark* hats, Gentlemen and Ladies *Morocco* pocket books and glasses, ivory combs, plain do. in cases, tortoiseshell do. buffalo sliding knives and forks, tortoiseshell penknives, common do. black calimanco ruffel quilts, double camblets, flannels and checks, fashionable broadcloths, trimmings suitable for do. *Bath* coating, *Irish* and other linens, scissors, snuff boxes, toys, Queen's china, and confectionary of all sorts, with a multiplicity of other articles too tedious to enumerate.

MARY DICKINSON.

N. B. She returns those Gentlemen and Ladies who have honoured her with their custom her most cordial thanks; and as the above will be sold on lower terms than the former, she hopes it will be an inducement for a continuance of their favours, which will be gratefully acknowledged by

Their very humble Servant.

M. D.